

## **AN AUTOMATED METHOD FOR THE IDENTIFICATION OF DENGUE, ZIKA, YELLOW FEVER AND CHIKUNGUNYA VIRUS SPECIES AND GENOTYPES**

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In recent years, an increasing number of outbreaks of Dengue virus (DENV), Zika virus (ZIKV) and Chikungunya virus (CHIKV) have been reported in Asia and the Americas. The geographical distribution of ZIKV has expanded significantly reported now in at least 41 countries. Since these arboviruses share many clinical symptoms, such as febrile illness with rash, myalgia, or arthralgia, and current serological tests lack the power to discriminate between ZIKV and other flaviviruses, such as DENV and Yellow Fever virus, genetic testing during acute infection has become the standard method to identify the cause of infection. To facilitate diagnosis and the development of prevention and treatment strategies that efficiently target the diversity of these viruses, we developed a rapid high-throughput-genotyping system. The method involves the alignment of a query sequence with a carefully selected set of predefined reference strains, followed by phylogenetic analysis of multiple overlapping segments of the alignment using a sliding window. Each segment of the query sequence is assigned the genotype and sub-genotype of the reference strain with the highest bootstrap (>70%) and bootscanning (>90%) scores. The new Arbovirus-Genotyping Tools provide accurate classification of these arboviruses and are currently being assessed for their diagnostic utility. The framework's is freely available online from a dedicated server (<http://www.bioafrica.net/software.php>).